

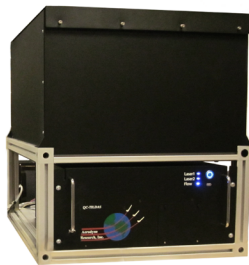
# Laser Spectroscopic Measurement of CO<sub>2</sub> Isotopes *for Geochemistry*

- *High-precision, low-cost, fast* measurements compared to IRMS
- Isotopologue-specific, not mass-specific => *no chemical processing or separation* of CO<sub>2</sub>
- Suitable for samples derived from carbonate via acid digestion

## Δ<sup>17</sup>O SPECTROMETERS

(clumped isotope spectrometer on reverse)

### DUAL LASER INSTRUMENT for Δ<sup>17</sup>O, δ<sup>18</sup>O, and δ<sup>13</sup>C



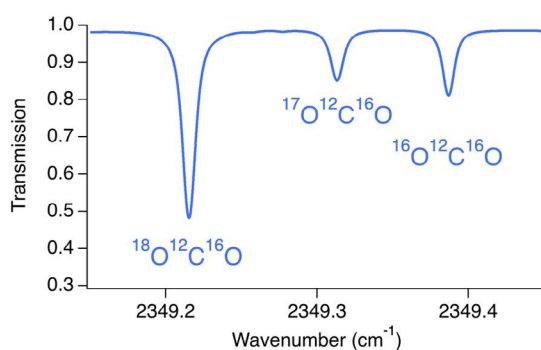
### SINGLE LASER INSTRUMENT for Δ<sup>17</sup>O and δ<sup>18</sup>O



### Precision for Discrete Samples

	CO <sub>2</sub>	δ <sup>13</sup> CO <sub>2</sub>	δCO <sup>18</sup> O	δCO <sup>17</sup> O	Δ <sup>17</sup> O	CO <sub>2</sub>	δCO <sup>18</sup> O	δCO <sup>17</sup> O	Δ <sup>17</sup> O
<b>1 Sample</b> 0.25 μmol CO <sub>2</sub> , 3 min	0.02 ppm	0.03 ‰	0.03 ‰	0.04 ‰	0.04 ‰	0.03 ppm	0.03 ‰	0.03 ‰	0.03 ‰
<b>10 Samples</b> 2.5 μmol CO <sub>2</sub> , 30 min	<b>0.01 ppm</b>	<b>0.01 ‰</b>	0.01 ‰	0.013 ‰	<b>0.013 ‰</b>	<b>0.01 ppm</b>	0.01 ‰	0.01 ‰	<b>0.01 ‰</b>

Note: These measurements alternate the sample gas with a working reference of similar mixing ratio, and the time to do so is included in the quoted measurement time.



- Direct measurement of <sup>17</sup>O-CO<sub>2</sub>, which is not possible by IRMS
- Automated inlet scheduling for samples, backgrounds, and calibrations
- Small sample size
- CO<sub>2</sub> must be mixed with a buffer gas

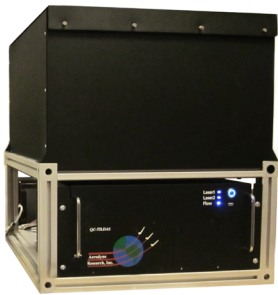
# Laser Spectroscopic Measurement of CO<sub>2</sub> Isotopes *for Geochemistry*

- *High-precision, low-cost, fast* measurements compared to IRMS
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## CLUMPED ISOTOPE SPECTROMETER

( $\Delta^{17}\text{O}$  spectrometers on reverse)

### DUAL LASER INSTRUMENT for $\Delta^{13}\text{C}^{18}\text{O}^{16}\text{O}$



#### Precision for Discrete Samples

	CO <sub>2</sub>	$\Delta^{13}\text{C}^{18}\text{O}^{16}\text{O}$
<b>1 Sample</b> <5 $\mu\text{mol}$ CO <sub>2</sub> (0.5 mg calcite), 4 min	0.02 ppm	0.035 ‰
<b>10 Samples</b> <50 $\mu\text{mol}$ CO <sub>2</sub> (5 mg calcite), 40 min	<b>0.01 ppm</b>	<b>0.01 ‰</b>

Note: These measurements alternate the sample gas with a working reference of similar mixing ratio, and the time to do so is included in the quoted measurement time.

- Direct measurement of  $^{16}\text{O}^{13}\text{C}^{18}\text{O}$  ( $^{638}\Delta$ ) rather than mass 47 ( $^{47}\Delta$ )
- Automated inlet scheduling for samples, backgrounds, and calibrations
- CO<sub>2</sub> must be mixed with a buffer gas

### Applications

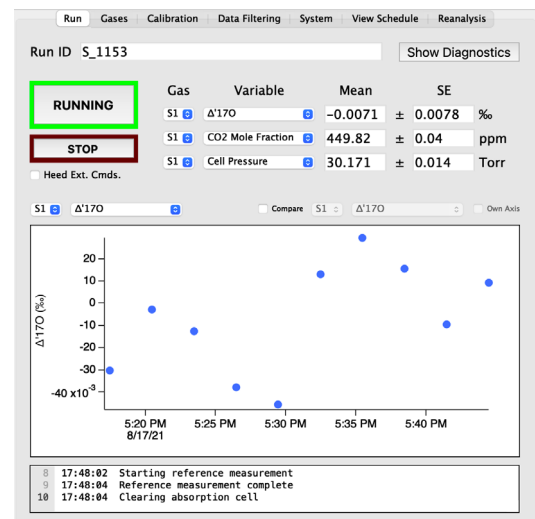
- Paleothermometry
- Geologic Altimetry
- Burial, Diagenesis, and Metamorphism

## TILDAS TECHNOLOGY

Aerodyne instruments use **tunable infrared laser direct absorption spectroscopy (TILDAS)** at mid-IR wavelengths to probe molecules at their strongest "fingerprint" transition frequencies. We further enhance sensitivity by employing a patented multi-pass broad-band absorption cell that provides optical path lengths up to 400 meters. Direct absorption spectroscopy allows for fast (<1 sec) absolute trace gas concentrations without need for elaborate calibration procedures. Moreover, TILDAS instruments are relatively free of measurement interference from other molecular species, enabling extremely specific detection.

*The IRIS interface provides easy, flexible instrument control and real-time results for  $\Delta^{17}\text{O}$  spectrometers and clumped isotope spectrometers*

## IRIS INTERFACE



*Aerodyne specializes in collaboration and custom design. Please contact us if you would like to discuss additional measurement options and applications.*